52010-1 Annex A

The shaded fields in the tables are part of the template and consequently not open for input.

A.2 References

The references, identified by the EPB module code number, are given in <u>Table A.1</u> (template).

Table A.1 – References

Reference	Reference document		
	Number	Title	
Mx-v ^a			
^a In this document there are no choices in references to other EPB standards. The Table is			
kept to maintain uniformity between all EPB standards			

A.3 Climatic input data

Table A.2 — Weather station and climatic data set (See 6.3.2)

Name				Value		
Identifier for climatic data set	ITM – Typical meteorological year					
Station and/or name of data set	Hungary					
	Symbol	Unit	Value	Validity interval ^a	Origin	Varying ^b
latitude	$\phi_{ m w}$	0	47.430	-90 to +90	station	No
longitude ^c	$\lambda_{ m w}$	0	19.182	-180 to +180	station	No
time zone	TZ	h	+1	-12 to +12	station	No
First day of time series (day of the	n day;start	-	1	1 to 366	station	No
year)						
Last day of time series (day of the	n day;end	-	365	1 to 366	station	No
year)						
Day of the week for January 1		-	1	Monday to Sunday (day 1 to	station	No
Leap day included	No					
Specific other information						
Name	Value					
Reference to documentation on	Typical Meteor	ological Ye	ear data from	n PVGIS database, for the time	e period of 2	007-2016.
application range and type of data Available variables:						
	Date&Time (UTC), Dry bulb temperature (°C),Relative Humidity (%), Global horizontal irradiance (W/m ²), Direct (beam) normal Irradiance (W/m ²),Diffuse horizontal irradiance (W/m ²), Infrared radiation downwards (W/m ²), Windspeed (m/s), Wind direction (°), Air pressure (Pa)					

^a Practical range, informative.

^b "Varying": value may vary over time: different values per time interval, for instance: hourly values or monthly values (not constant values over the year).

^c If Yes: additional information to be added.

A.4 Calculation method

Table A.3 – Method to assess direct (beam) irradiance if not available from weather station

Table A.4 – Solar reflectivity of the ground ($Q_{sol,grnd}$) (See <u>6.4.3</u>)

Name	Value ^a
Fixed value	YES
Dependent on ground	NO
condition, listed in climatic	
data file	
Dependent on local ground	NO
condition (near the inclined	
surface)	
Values available in climatic	NO
data file	

If fixed value:

Table A.5 — Solar reflectivity of the ground; if fixed value

Name	Value
Solar reflectivity of the	0.2
ground,	

If dependent on ground condition:

Not applicable and therefore no Table A.6 given.

Table A.7 — Choice between options and methods for calculation of shading by external objects

(See <u>6.4.5.1</u>)

Application ^b	Simplified method	Detailed method	
Description	Choice	Choice	
Effect of shading calculated in this document?	No	Yes	
If Yes:	Choice ^a	Choice	
Only method 1, Simplified method (shading of direct radiation)	No	Yes	
Only method 2, Detailed method (shading of direct and diffuse radiation)	No	No	
Both methods are allowed	No	No	

Table A.8 — Number of skyline segments, $n_s h_{se}g_m$ for input solar shading objects (See <u>6.4.5.2</u>)

Application ^b	Simplified method	Detailed method	
Description	Value of nsh;segm ^a	Value of nsh;segm ^a	
Maximum number of	Not applicable	15	
segments over 360 degrees			
Fixed width (= $360 / n_{sh;segm}$) ^c Not applicable No			
 ^a Practical range, informative. ^b Add more columns if needed to differentiate between applications (e.g. building categories, new or existing buildings, etc.). 			
^c If not fixed, the width of each segment can be adapted to the width of the shading object, with limitation of maximum number of segments n _s h _{;seg} m.			

Table A.9 — Choice between methods for calculation of illuminance (See 6.4.6)

Application ^a	Simplified method	Detailed method	
Description	Choice	Choice	
Method 1, Default method, or	Not applicable	Method 1	
Method 2, Alternative method			
If choice is method 2:	Description	Description	
Describe method 2	Not applicable	Not applicable	

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